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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/654,949	09/01/2000	Peter Brittingham	ETS-TCA	7078	
21269	7590 08/24/2006		EXAMINER		
PEPPER HAMILTON LLP			HARRIS, CHANDA L		
ONE MELLON CENTER, 50TH FLOOR 500 GRANT STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PITTSBURGI	PITTSBURGH, PA 15219			3715	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	09/654,949	BRITTINGHAM ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chanda L. Harris	3715				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was praid to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr iill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Ai</u> 2a)□ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5,13-17,19 and 20 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5,13-17,19 and 20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	vn from consideration.					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/1/06 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-5, 13-16, and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sweitzer et al. (US 6,018,617).

1. [Claims 1,5,14]: Regarding Claims 1,5, and 14, Sweitzer discloses obtaining a test item (i.e., problem). See Abstract. Sweitzer discloses creating a test model by

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identifying elements of the test item to be variabilized and variabilizing the elements to create variables in Col.12: 34-37:

The variation rules may assign substitution variables (variables used in the problem layout) or temporary variables (variables used only within the variation rules).

Sweitzer discloses defining the variables in Col.12: 49-50:

Substitution variables are defined using the variation rule syntax, which is not case sensitive.

Sweitzer discloses generating a test item variant (i.e., instance of a problem) of the test item by assigning values to the variables using a simultaneous constraint solver, wherein the simultaneous constraint solver resolves one or more constraints pertaining to variables in Col.12: 41-46:

To produce an instance of a problem 32, the list of variation rules is evaluated sequentially from top to bottom. If a constraint is not satisfied, the current pass through the list is abandoned and evaluation restarts from the top of the list. A valid instance of the problem results when the end of the variation rule list is reached.

2. [Claims 2,15]: Regarding Claims 2 and 15, Sweitzer discloses wherein said model creation further comprises specifying constraints that define a relationship among the variables in Col.12: 50-53:

This language supports basic mathematical operations, relational comparisons, and logical combinations using general expressions and operator rotation. Function (procedure) references provide extended capabilities.

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3. [Claims 3-4,13,16]: Regarding Claims 3-4,13, and 16, Sweitzer discloses the step of accepting and retrievably storing the test item variant and the test item model (i.e., instance of a generalized problem) in Col.11: 57-63 and Col.12: 24-27, 45-46:

As was discussed above, problem content is created by an author who is typically a professional programmer; but may be the end user of the test operating software running on the personal computer 13. The content of the problem is expressed in machine-usable form using the authoring tool 30, which stores each problem 32 in a separate file on disk. Problems 32 are organized for easy retrieval in a single disk file, i.e. one or more problem books 34. The set of programs that support collecting problems 32 into the problem books 34 is referred to as the build tools 70.

(31) Each problem 32 is described by a few key parameters. These parameters assist the user in selecting problems 32 to include in a worksheet 50. Problems 32 within each problem book 34 are grouped into objectives. Objectives are grouped into sections and sections are grouped into chapters. Problems are not necessarily self-contained. They may refer to external objects, which are included in the representation at print time. Multiple problems can include the same external object. These objects are stored within the problem book 34 file.

The authoring tool 30 and print engine 90, discussed in greater detail below, use variation rules which are stored in the variation rules module or engine 80 (FIG. 8) and define instances of a generalized problem.

A valid instance of the problem results when the end of the variation rule list is reached.

4. [Claim 19]: Regarding Claim 19, Sweitzer discloses wherein variables can be defined by values which are variables (e.g., mathematical expressions) in Col.12: 30-32:

Variables may be replaced with numbers, text, graphics, or mathematical expressions.

5. [Claim 20]: Regarding Claim 20, Sweitzer discloses wherein the variables are new variables (e.g., substitution variables, temporary variables) for which new constraints are defined as needed in Col. 12: 34-38:

The variation rules for a problem 30 are an ordered list of definitions and constraints expressed in a simple language. The variation rules may assign substitution variables (variables used in the problem layout) or temporary variables (variables used only within the variation rules). The variation rules may also impose constraints on the relationship between variables.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sweitzer.

Sweitzer does not disclose expressly wherein the test item model constraints are simultaneously solved using PROLOG IV and Test Creation Assistant constraint language. Instead, Sweitzer discloses the use of C++ in Col.6: 28-39 and variation rules language to simultaneously solve test item model constraints in Col.10: 61-63.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use C++ and variation rules language to simultaneously solve test item model constraints because Applicant has not disclosed that using PROLOG IV and Test Creation Assistant constraint language, is

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used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Sweitzer's invention, and applicant's invention, to perform equally well with either the languages taught by Sweitzer or the languages claimed by Applicant because both languages would perform the same function of generating multiple instances of a test item.

Therefore, it would have been prima facie obvious to modify Sweitzer to obtain the invention as specified in claim 17 because such a modification would have been considered a mere design consideration which fails to patentably distinguish over the prior art of Sweitzer.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 8/1/06, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-5, 13-17, and 19-20 under 35 USC 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Sweitzer. See rejection above. Examiner regrets the delay in the citation of this rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chanda L. Harris whose telephone number is 571-272-4448. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30am-4:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Olszewski can be reached on 571-272-6788. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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